

4-1-2007

## International Transitional Administration: The United Nations in East Timor, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Eastern Slavonia, and Kosovo – A Bibliography

Beth DiFelice

*Ross-Blakley Law Library, Arizona State University*

Follow this and additional works at: <http://scholarship.law.cornell.edu/ijli>

The *International Journal of Legal Information* is produced by The International Association of Law Libraries.

---

### Recommended Citation

DiFelice, Beth (2007) "International Transitional Administration: The United Nations in East Timor, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Eastern Slavonia, and Kosovo – A Bibliography," *International Journal of Legal Information*: Vol. 35: Iss. 1, Article 7.

Available at: <http://scholarship.law.cornell.edu/ijli/vol35/iss1/7>

This Article is brought to you for free and open access by the Journals at Scholarship@Cornell Law: A Digital Repository. It has been accepted for inclusion in *International Journal of Legal Information* by an authorized administrator of Scholarship@Cornell Law: A Digital Repository. For more information, please contact [jmp8@cornell.edu](mailto:jmp8@cornell.edu).

## **International Transitional Administration: The United Nations in East Timor, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Eastern Slavonia, and Kosovo – A Bibliography**

BETH DIFELICE\*

Between 1995 and 1999, the United Nations established transitional administrations over four war-torn territories -- East Timor, Bosnia-Herzegovina, Eastern Slavonia, and Kosovo. These transitional civil administrations began as part of a peace agreement and have or will end with either independence of the territory, as with East Timor, or the reuniting of a war-torn state, as with Eastern Slavonia's return to Croatia. As of this writing, the United Nations' mission in Kosovo has not ended.

Much has been written about these U.N. missions. This bibliography lists English-language articles, books, and reports that discuss the United Nations' transitional administrations of these four territories. I have attempted to include everything that discusses this particular aspect of the United Nations' peacekeeping missions in depth. The following indexes were used:

- Columbia International Affairs Online;
- Index to Foreign Legal Periodicals;
- Index to Legal Periodicals and Books;
- International Political Science Abstracts;
- *LegalTrac*;
- PAIS International;
- WorldCat; and
- Worldwide Political Science Abstracts.

Research was concluded February 2007. Preceding the bibliography is a brief overview of the United Nations' administrations of each of the four territories. In the bibliography, sources discussing United Nations' transitional

---

\* Beth DiFelice is Assistant Director and Head of Public Services at the Ross-Blakley Law Library, Arizona State University, Tempe, Arizona.

administrations in general are listed first, followed by sources discussing a particular U.N. administration, organized by territory.<sup>218</sup>

### ***East Timor***

East Timor is half of an island in the Indonesian archipelago. From the 16<sup>th</sup> century until 1974, East Timor was a Portuguese colony. Shortly after Portugal withdrew in 1974, Indonesia invaded East Timor and occupied it until 1999. Although Indonesia claimed East Timor as its own, the United Nations did not recognize East Timor as being part of Indonesia. In 1999, Indonesian President Bacharuddin J. Habibie declared that East Timor could have its independence if the East Timorese voted for independence over autonomy within Indonesia.<sup>219</sup>

Indonesia, Portugal, and the United Nations entered into a three-part agreement regarding East Timor on May 5, 1999.<sup>220</sup> This agreement called for a popular consultation of the East Timorese on the issue of their independence. Under the agreement, the United Nations would conduct the consultation and Indonesia would be in charge of security during the referendum. On June 11, 1999, the United Nations Security Council issued resolution 1246, creating the United Nations Mission in East Timor ("UNAMET"). UNAMET's function was to organize and conduct the popular consultation, which was held in August 1999. Approximately 98% of the East Timorese voted, and 78.5% of those voted for independence.<sup>221</sup>

---

<sup>218</sup> Further information on the four transitional administrations covered in this bibliography can be found on the web sites of each of the missions:

*United Nations Transitional Authority for East Timor* -

<http://www.un.org/peace/etimor/etimor.htm>

*United Nations Integrated Mission in East Timor* - <http://www.until.org/>

*United Nations Mission in Bosnia and Herzegovina* -

<http://www.un.org/Depts/dpko/missions/unmibh/>

*Office of the High Representative in Bosnia and Herzegovina* - <http://www.ohr.int/>

*United Nations Transitional Administration for Eastern Slavonia, Baranja and Western Sirmium* - [http://www.un.org/Depts/dpko/dpko/co\\_mission/untaes.htm](http://www.un.org/Depts/dpko/dpko/co_mission/untaes.htm)

*United Nations Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo* -

<http://www.unmikonline.org/>

<sup>219</sup> Wheeler, Nicolas J. and Tim Dunne, "East Timor and the New Humanitarian Interventionism," *International Affairs* 77(4) (2001): 812.

<sup>220</sup> U.N. Doc. S/1999/513, annexes I-III.

<sup>221</sup> Chopra, Jarat. "The UN's Kingdom in East Timor." *Survival* 42(3) (2000): 28.

The violence in East Timor that began before the referendum escalated afterwards, prompting the Security Council to pass resolution 1264 on September 15, 1999, creating the Australian-led International Force East Timor. Shortly thereafter, a transitional civilian administration was created by Security Council resolution 1272 (October 25, 1999). The United Nations Transitional Authority for East Timor (“UNTAET”) was “to be endowed with overall responsibility for the administration of East Timor and ... be empowered to exercise all legislative and executive authority, including the administration of justice.”<sup>222</sup> East Timor achieved independence on May 20, 2002, and UNTAET was disbanded.

### ***Bosnia-Herzegovina***

As part of the break-up of the former Yugoslavia, a civil war erupted in Bosnia between Serbs, Croats, and Muslims. The war lasted from 1992 until 1995 and ended with a peace agreement, The General Framework Agreement for Peace in Bosnia and Herzegovina (the “Dayton Agreement”).<sup>223</sup> The Dayton Agreement was signed in December 1995, by the Republic of Bosnia and Herzegovina, the Republic of Croatia, and the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia. It created the nation of Bosnia and Herzegovina containing two entities, Republika Srpska, which is Serb, and the Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina, which is Croat and Muslim.

Annex 10 of the Dayton Agreement established the Office of the High Representative “to facilitate... mobilize... and, as appropriate coordinate the activities of the organisations and agencies involved in the civilian aspects of the peace settlement.”<sup>224</sup> These organizations included the United Nations Mission in Bosnia and Herzegovina (“UNMIBH”).<sup>225</sup> The High Representative was appointed by a group called the Peace Implementation Council, which continues to guide the High Representative today. The powers of the High Representative have expanded since the Dayton Agreement to include the power to enact legislation and the power to dismiss government officials.<sup>226</sup> The Office of High Representative is scheduled to close later this year.

---

<sup>222</sup> U.N. Doc. S/RES/1272 (1999).

<sup>223</sup> U.N. Doc. S/1995/999, annex.

<sup>224</sup> U.N. Doc. S/1995/1999, annex X, art. 1.

<sup>225</sup> UNMIBH was created by Security Council resolution 1035 on December 21, 1995, and is comprised of the United Nations International Police Task Force and a United Nations civilian office. UNMIBH was terminated on December 31, 2002.

<sup>226</sup> Chandler, David, “From Dayton to Europe.” *International Peacekeeping* 12(3) (2005): 5.

### *Eastern Slavonia*

After Croatia declared its independence from Yugoslavia in 1991, civil war erupted between the Croats and the Croatian Serbs. The Serbs took control of the regions of Eastern Slavonia, Baranja, and Western Sirmium, approximately one-third of Croatia. A peace agreement signed in November 1995 ended the civil war and called upon the United Nations to create a transitional administration to govern the disputed regions.<sup>227</sup>

That same month, the Security Council asked the Secretary-General to report on the establishment of a transitional administration. His report became an outline for the creation of the United Nations Transitional Administration for Eastern Slavonia, Baranja and Western Sirmium (“UNTAES”), which was created by Security Council resolution 1037 on January 15, 1996.<sup>228</sup> UNTAES was disbanded on January 15, 1998, and this region was returned to Croatia.

### *Kosovo*

Kosovo is a region in southern Serbia that is largely ethnic Albanian. In 1998, conflict erupted between Serbia and the Kosovar Albanians over the Kosovar Albanians’ desire for independence from Serbia. On June 9, 1999, NATO and the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (which is now the countries of Serbia and Montenegro) signed an agreement for the withdrawal of Yugoslav forces from Kosovo.<sup>229</sup> On June 10<sup>th</sup>, the Security Council passed resolution 1244, creating the United Nations Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo “to provide an interim administration for Kosovo under which the people of Kosovo can enjoy substantial autonomy within the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia, and ... provide transitional administration while establishing and overseeing the development of provisional democratic self-governing institutions.”<sup>230</sup>

As of this writing, Kosovo is still legally a part of Serbia and is still being administered by the United Nations. Negotiations are underway to determine whether Kosovo shall become independent or stay a part of Serbia. It is anticipated that the decision will be made within the next year.

---

<sup>227</sup> U.N. Doc. /1995/951, annex.

<sup>228</sup> U.N. Doc. S/1995/1028.

<sup>229</sup> U.N. Doc. S/1999/682, annex.

<sup>230</sup> U.N. Doc. S/RES/1244 (1999).

***U.N. Transitional Administration in General***

Bain, William, *Between Anarchy and Society: Trusteeship and the Obligations of Power*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2003.

Baskin, Mark, "Between Exit and Engagement: On the Division of Authority in Transitional Administrations." *Global Governance* 10 (2004): 119.

Caplan, Richard, *International Governance of War-Torn Territories – Rule and Reconstruction*. New York: Oxford University Press, 2005.

Caplan, Richard, "Partner or Patron? International Civil Administration and Local Capacity-Building." *International Peacekeeping* 11(2) (2004): 229.

Chesterman, Simon, "Building Democracy through Benevolent Autocracy: Consultation and Accountability in UN Transitional Administrations." In *The UN Role in Promoting Democracy: Between Ideals and Reality*, edited by Edward Newman and Roland Rich, 86. New York: United Nations University Press, 2004.

Chesterman, Simon, "Transitional Administration, State-Building and the United Nations." In *Making States Work: State Failure and the Crisis of Governance*, edited by Simon Chesterman, Michael Ignatieff and Ramesh Thakur, 339. New York: United Nations University Press, 2005.

Chesterman, Simon, *You, the People: The United Nations, Transitional Administration, and State-Building*. Oxford: Oxford University Press, 2004.

DeGrasse, Beth Cole and Christina Cain, *Transitional Governance: From Bullets to Ballots*. United States Institute of Peace, Stabilization and Reconstruction Series No. 2 (2006).  
[http://www.usip.org/pubs/specialreports/srs/srs\\_two.pdf](http://www.usip.org/pubs/specialreports/srs/srs_two.pdf) .

De Wet, Erika, "The Direct Administration of Territories by the United Nations and its Member States in the Post Cold War Era: Legal Bases and Implications for National Law." *Max Planck Yearbook of United Nations Law* 8 (2004): 291.

Griffin, Michele and Bruce Jones, "Building Peace through Transitional Authority: New Directions, Major Challenges." *International Peacekeeping* 7(4) (2000): 75.

Jackson, Robert, "International Engagement in War-Torn Countries." *Global Governance* 10(1) (2004): 21.

Knoll, Bernhard, "Beyond the *Mission Civilisatrice*: The Properties of a Normative Order within an Internationalized Territory." *Leiden Journal of International Law* 19 (2006): 275.

Kreilkamp, Jacob S., "U.N. Postconflict Reconstruction." *New York University Journal of International Law and Politics* 35 (2003): 619.

Matheson, Michael J., "United Nations Governance of Postconflict Societies." *American Journal of International Law* 95 (2001): 76.

Mayall, James, editor. *The New Interventionism, 1991-1994: United Nations Experience in Cambodia, Former Yugoslavia, and Somalia*. Cambridge, U.K.: Cambridge University Press, 1996.

Morphet, Sally, "Current International Civil Administration: The Need for Political Legitimacy." In *Recovering from Civil Conflict: Reconciliation, Peace and Development*, edited by Edward Newman and Albrecht Schnabel, 140. London: Frank Cass, 2002.

Perritt, Henry H., "Structures and Standards for Political Trusteeship." *UCLA Journal of International Law and Foreign Affairs* 8 (2003): 385.

Ruffert, Matthias, "The Administration of Kosovo and East Timor by the International Community." *International and Comparative Law Quarterly* 50 (2001): 613.

Salamun, Michaela, *Democratic Governance in International Territorial Administration: Institutional Prerequisites for Democratic Governance in the Constitutional Documents of Territories Administered by International Organisations*. Baden-Baden: Nomos-Verlagsges, 2005.

Stahn, Carsten, "Justice under Transitional Administration: Contours and Critique of a Paradigm." *Houston Journal of International Law* 27 (2005): 311.

Tolbert, David and Andrew Solomon, "United Nations Reform and Supporting the Rule of Law in Post-Conflict Societies." *Harvard Human Rights Journal* 19 (2006): 29.

*The UN's Role in Nation-Building: From the Congo to Iraq*. Santa Monica, Calif.: The RAND Corporation, 2004.

Vite, Sylvain, "Re-establishing the Rule of Law under Transitional Administration." In *Security Governance in Post-Conflict Peacebuilding*, edited by Alan Bryden and Heiner Hanggi, 187. Münster, LIT: Transaction Publishers, 2005.

Wilde, Ralph, "Accountability and International Actors in Bosnia and Herzegovina, Kosovo and East Timor." *ILSA Journal of International and Comparative Law* 6 (2001): 467.

Wilde, Ralph, "The Complex Role of the Legal Adviser when International Organizations Administer Territory." *American Society of International Law Proceedings* 95 (2001): 251.

Wilde, Ralph, "From Danzig to East Timor and Beyond: The Role of International Territorial Administration." *American Journal of International Law* 95 (2001): 583.

Wilde, Ralph, "Representing International Territorial Administration: A Critique of Some Approaches." *European Journal of International Law* 15 (2004): 71.

Wilde, Ralph, "The United Nations as Government: The Tensions of an Ambivalent Role." *American Society of International Law Proceedings* 97 (2003): 213.

Yannis, Alexandros, "The Creation and Politics of International Protectorates in the Balkans: Bridges over Troubled Waters." *Journal of International Relations and Development* 5 (2002): 258.

Zaum, Dominik, "The Authority of International Administrations in International Society." *Review of International Studies* 32 (2006): 455.

***East Timor***

Beauvais, Joel C., "Benevolent Despotism: A Critique of U.N. State-Building in East Timor." *New York University Journal of International Law and Politics* 33 (2000-2001): 1101.

Caplan, Richard, "International Intervention and its Aftermath: Kosovo and East Timor." In *Managing and Settling Ethnic Conflicts: Perspectives on Successes and Failures in Europe, Africa and Asia*, edited by Ulrich Schneckler and Stefan Wolff, 206. London: Hurst & Company, 2004.

Chesterman, Simon, "East Timor in Transition: From Conflict Prevention to State-Building." International Peace Academy Report (2001).

Chopra, Jarat, "Building State Failure in East Timor." *Development and Change* 33 (2002): 979.

Chopra, Jarat, "The UN's Kingdom of East Timor." *Survival* 42 (2000): 27.

Cotton, James, "The Emergence of an Independent East Timor: National and Regional Challenges." *Contemporary Southeast Asia: A Journal of International & Strategic Affairs* 22 (2000): 1.

*East Timor in Transition 1998-2000: An Australian Policy Challenge*. Canberra: Department of Foreign Affairs and Trade, 2001.

Fitzpatrick, Daniel, "Developing a Legal System in East Timor: Some Issues of UN Mandate and Capacity." *Austrian Review of International and European Law* 5 (2000): 5.

Goldstone, Anthony, "UNTAET with Hindsight: The Peculiarities of Politics in an Incomplete State." *Global Governance* 10(1) (2004): 83.

Gorjao, Paulo, "The Legacy and Lessons of the United Nations Transitional Administration in East Timor." *Contemporary Southeast Asia* 24 (2002): 313.

Grenfell, Laura, "Legal Pluralism and the Rule of Law in Timor Leste." *Leiden Journal of International Law* 19 (2006): 305.

Harper, Erica, "Studying Post-Conflict Rule of Law: The Creation of an 'Ordinary Crimes Model' by the United Nations Transitional Administration in East Timor." *Australian Journal of Asian Law* 8 (2006): 155.

Hohe, Tanja, "The Clash of Paradigms: International Administration and Local Political Legitimacy in East Timor." *Contemporary Southeast Asia* 24 (2002): 569.

Hohe, Tanja, "Delivering Feudal Democracy in East Timor." In *The UN Role in Promoting Democracy: Between Ideals and Reality*, 302. New York: United Nations University Press, 2004.

Kondocho, Boris, "The United Nations Administration of East Timor." *Journal of Conflict and Security Law* 6 (2001): 245.

Marker, Jamsheed, *East Timor: A Memoir of the Negotiations for Independence*. Jefferson, North Carolina: McFarland & Company, 2003.

Martin, Ian, *Self-determination in East Timor: The United Nations, the Ballot, and International Intervention*. Boulder, Colo.: Lynne Rienner, 2001.

Martin, Ian and Alexander Mayer-Rieckh, "The United Nations and East Timor: From Self-Determination to State-Building." *International Peacekeeping* 12(1) (2005): 125.

Morrow, Jonathan and Rachel White, "The United Nations in Transitional East Timor: International Standards and the Reality of Governance." *Australian Year Book of International Law* 22 (2002): 1.

Smith, Anthony L., "The Role of the United Nations in East Timor's Path to Independence." *Asian Journal of Political Science* 9 (2001): 25.

Smith, Michael G., *Peacekeeping in East Timor – The Path to Independence*. International Peace Academy Occasional Paper Series. Boulder, Colo.: Lynne Rienner Publishers, 2003.

Soesastro, Hadi and Landry Haryo Subianto, editors. *Peace Building and State Building in East Timor*. Jakarta, Indonesia: Centre for Strategic and International Studies, 2002.

Stahn, Carsten, "The United Nations Transitional Administration in Kosovo and East Timor: A First Analysis." *Max Planck Yearbook of United Nations Law* 5 (2001): 105.

Strohmeyer, Hansjoerg, "Building a New Judiciary for East Timor: Challenges of a Fledgling Nation." *Criminal Law Forum* 11 (2000): 259.

Strohmeyer, Hansjoerg, "Collapse and Reconstruction of a Judicial System: The United Nations Missions in Kosovo and East Timor." *American Journal of International Law* 95 (2001): 46.

Strohmeyer, Hansjoerg, "Making Multilateral Interventions Work: The U.N. and the Creation of Transitional Justice Systems in Kosovo and East Timor." *Fletcher Forum of World Affairs* 25 (2001): 107.

Suhrke, Astri, "Peacekeepers as Nation-Builders: Dilemmas of the UN in East Timor." *International Peacekeeping* 8 (2001): 1.

*U.N. Peacekeeping – Transition Strategies for Post-Conflict Countries Lack Results-Oriented Measures of Progress*. Report to the Chairman, Committee on International Relations, House of Representatives. (September 2003).

*The United Nations Transitional Administration in East Timor: Debriefing and Lessons: Report of the 2002 Tokyo Conference*. The United Nations Institute for Training and Research, Institute of Policy and Studies of Singapore, and The Japan Institute of International Affairs. Leiden: Martinus Nijhoff, 2003.

### ***Bosnia-Herzegovina***

Bildt, Carl, *Peace Journey: The Struggle for Peace in Bosnia*. London: Weidenfeld & Nicholson, 1998.

*Bosnia: Reshaping the International Machinery*. International Crisis Group Balkans Report No. 121 (2001). Available on the web site of the International Crisis Group at <http://www.crisisgroup.org>.

Caplan, Richard, "International Authority and State-Building: The Case of Bosnia and Herzegovina." *Global Governance* 10(1) (2004): 53.

Caplan, Richard, "Who Guards the Guardians? International Accountability in Bosnia." In *Peace without Politics? Ten Years of International State-Building in Bosnia*, edited by David Chandler, 157. Oxford, U.K.: Routledge, 2006.

Chandler, David, *Bosnia: Faking Democracy after Dayton*. London: Pluto Press, 2000.

Chandler, David, "From Dayton to Europe." In *Peace without Politics? Ten Years of International State-building in Bosnia*, edited by David Chandler, 30. Oxford, U.K.: Routledge, 2006.

Chandler, David. "State-Building in Bosnia: The Limits of 'Informal Trusteeship.'" *International Journal of Peace Studies* 11 (2006): 17.

Chandler, David, "The Problems of 'Nation-Building': Imposing Bureaucratic 'Rule from Above.'" *Cambridge Review of International Affairs* 17 (2004): 577.

Cousens, Elizabeth M. and Charles K. Cater, *Toward Peace in Bosnia: Implementing the Dayton Accords*. Boulder, Colo.: Lynne Rienner Publishers, 2001.

Cox, Marcus, "The Dayton Agreement in Bosnia and Herzegovina: A Study of Implementation Strategies." *British Year Book of International Law* 1998: 201.

*Ensuring Bosnia's Future: An New International Engagement Strategy*. International Crisis Group Europe Report No. 180 (2007). Available on the web site of the International Crisis Group at <http://www.crisisgroup.org>.

*In Search of Politics: The Evolving International Role in Bosnia and Herzegovina*. European Stability Initiative Discussion Paper (2001). Available on the web site of the European Stability Initiative at <http://esiweb.org>.

*Kosovo: Let's Learn from Bosnia*. International Crisis Group Balkans Report No. 66 (1999). Available on the web site of the International Crisis Group at <http://www.crisisgroup.org>.

Okuizumi, Kaoru, "Peacebuilding Mission: Lessons from the UN Mission in Bosnia and Herzegovina." *Human Rights Quarterly* 24 (2002): 721.

Popvic, Branislav, "The International Community in the Role of State Creator: The Experience of Bosnia and Herzegovina," *The Whitehead Journal of Diplomacy and International Relations* 2005: 163.

Sabic, Senada Selo, *State Building in Bosnia-Herzegovina*. Bureau for Security Policy at the Austrian Ministry of Defense, National Defense Academy, Vienna, and Institute for International Relations, Zagreb, 2005.

Yordan, Carlos L., "Society Building in Bosnia: A Critique of Post-Dayton Peacebuilding Efforts," *Seton Hall Journal of Diplomacy and International Relations* 2003: 59.

### ***Eastern Slavonia***

Boothby, Derek, "The Political Challenges of Administering Eastern Slavonia." *Global Governance* 10 (2004): 37.

Coleiro, Christine, *Bringing Peace to the Land of Scorpions and Jumping Snakes: Legacy of the United Nations in Eastern Slavonia and Transitional Missions*. Clementsport, N.S.: The Canadian Peacekeeping Press, 2002.

Klein, Jacques-Paul, "The Prospects for Eastern Croatia: The Significance of the UN's Undiscovered Mission." *RUSI Journal* 142 (1997): 19.

Klein, Jacques-Paul, "The United Nations and Administration of Territory: Lessons from the Front Line." *American Society of International Law Proceedings* 97 (2003): 205.

Simunovic, Pjer, "A Framework for Success: Contextual Factors in the UNTAES Operation in Eastern Slavonia." *International Peacekeeping* 6(1) (1999): 126.

Smoljan, Jelena, "Socio-Economic Aspects of Peacebuilding: UNTAES and the Organization of Employment in Eastern Slavonia." *International Peacekeeping* 10(2) (2003): 27.

**Kosovo**

Baskin, Mark. *Lessons Learned on UNMIK Judiciary*. Pearson Peacekeeping Centre and Department of Foreign Affairs and International Trade of the Government of Canada, 2001.  
<http://siteresources.worldbank.org/INTLAWJUSTINST/Resources/lessonsKosovoJudiciary.pdf>

Betts, Wendy S., Scott N. Carlson, and Gregory Gisvold, "The Post-Conflict Transitional Administration of Kosovo and the Lessons-Learned in Efforts to Establish a Judiciary and Rule of Law." *Michigan Journal of International Law* 22 (2001): 371.

Brand, Marcus G., "Institution-Building and Human Rights Protection in Kosovo in the Light of UNMIK Legislation." *Nordic Journal of International Law* 70 (2001): 461.

Caplan, Richard, "International Intervention and its Aftermath: Kosovo and East Timor." In *Managing and Settling Ethnic Conflicts: Perspectives on Successes and Failures in Europe, Africa and Asia*, edited by Ulrich Schneckler and Stefan Wolff, 206. London: Hurst & Company, 2004.

Chesterman, Simon, *Kosovo in Limbo: State-Building and 'Substantial Autonomy'*. International Peace Academy Reports (2001).  
[http://www.ipacademy.org/PDF\\_Reports/KOSOVO\\_in\\_Limbo.pdf](http://www.ipacademy.org/PDF_Reports/KOSOVO_in_Limbo.pdf)

Day, Adam, "No Exit without Judiciary: Learning a Lesson from UNMIK's Transitional Administration in Kosovo." *Wisconsin International Law Journal* 23 (2005): 183.

Franckx, Erik, Ann Pauwels, and Stefaan Smis, "An International Trusteeship for Kosovo: Attempt to Find a Solution to the Conflict." *Studia Diplomatica* 52(5-6) (1999): 155.

Gheciu, Alexandra, "International Norms, Power and the Politics of International Administration: The Kosovo Case." *Geopolitics* 10(1) (2005): 121.

Hehir, Aidan, "Autonomous Province Building: Identification Theory and the Failure of UNMIK." *International Peacekeeping* 13(2) (2006): 200.

Holohan, Anne, *Networks of Democracy: Lessons from Kosovo for Afghanistan, Iraq, and Beyond*. Stanford: Stanford University Press, 2005.

Hysa, Ylber, "Kosovo: A Permanent International Protectorate?" In *The UN Role in Promoting Democracy: Between Ideals and Reality*, 282. New York: United Nations University Press, 2004.

Irmscher, Tobias H., "The Legal Framework for the Activities of the United Nations Interim Administration Mission in Kosovo: The Charter, Human Rights, and the Law of Occupation." *German Yearbook of International Law* 44 (2001): 353.

King, Iain and Whit Mason, *Peace at any Price: How the World Failed Kosovo*. Ithaca, NY: Cornell University Press, 2006.

Knoll, Bernhard, "From Benchmarking to Final Status? Kosovo and the Problem of an International Administration's Open-Ended Mandate." *European Journal of International Law* 16 (2005): 637.

Knoll, Bernhard, "UN Imperium: Horizontal and Vertical Transfer of Effective Control and the Concept of Residual Sovereignty in 'Internationalised' Territories." *Austrian Review of International and European Law* 7 (2002): 3.

Knudsen, Tonny Brems, and Carsten Bagge Laustsen, editors. *Kosovo between War and Peace: Nationalism, Peacebuilding and International Trusteeship*. London: Routledge, 2006.

*The Kosovo Report: Conflict, International Response, Lessons Learned*. Independent International Commission on Kosovo. Oxford, U.K.: Oxford University Press, 2001.

*A Kosovo Roadmap: Internal Benchmarks*. International Crisis Group Europe Report No. 125 (March 1, 2002). Available on the International Crisis Group's web site at <http://www.crisisgroup.org>.

*Kosovo: The Challenge of Transition*. International Crisis Group Europe Report No. 170 (February 17, 2006). Available on the International Crisis Group's web site at <http://www.crisisgroup.org>.

Lane, Dennison and Keith Brown, "Who's in Charge? Reflections on the UN Administration in Kosovo." In *Transacting Transition: The*

*Micropolitics of Democracy Assistance in the Former Yugoslavia*, 49. Bloomfield, CT: Kumarian Press, 2006.

Lorenz, F.M., "The Rule of Law in Kosovo: Problems and Prospects." *Criminal Law Forum* 11 (2000): 127.

Marshall, David and Shelley Inglis, "The Disempowerment of Human-Rights Based Justice in the United Nations Mission in Kosovo." *Harvard Human Rights Journal* 16 (2003): 95.

Miller, Anthony J., "UNMIK: Lessons from the Early Institution-Building Phase," *New England Law Review* 39 (2004): 9.

O'Neill, William G. *Kosovo: An Unfinished Peace*. London: Lynne Rienner Publishers, 2002.

*The New Kosovo Protectorate*. International Crisis Group Balkans Report No. 69 (June 20, 1999). Available on the International Crisis Group's web site at <http://www.crisisgroup.org>.

Perritt, Henry H., "Economic Sustainability and Final Status for Kosovo." *University of Pennsylvania Journal of International Economic Law* 25 (2004): 259.

Perritt, Henry H., "Final Status for Kosovo," *Chicago-Kent Law Review* 80 (2005): 3.

Stahn, Carsten, "Constitution without a State? Kosovo under the United Nations Constitutional Framework for Self-Government." *Leiden Journal of International Law* 14 (2001): 531.

Stahn, Carsten, "The United Nations Transitional Administration in Kosovo and East Timor: A First Analysis." *Max Planck Yearbook of United Nations Law* 5 (2001): 105.

*Starting from Scratch in Kosovo: The Honeymoon Is Over*. International Crisis Group Europe Report No. 83 (December 10, 1999). Available on the International Crisis Group's web site at <http://www.crisisgroup.org>.

Strohmeier, Hansjoerg, "Collapse and Reconstruction of a Judicial System: The United Nations Missions in Kosovo and East Timor." *American Journal of International Law* 95 (2001): 46.

Strohmeier, Hansjoerg, "Making Multilateral Interventions Work: The U.N. and the Creation of Transitional Justice Systems in Kosovo and East Timor." *Fletcher Forum of World Affairs* 25 (2001): 107.

*Two to Tango: An Agenda for the New Kosovo SRSG*. International Crisis Group Europe Report No. 148 (September 3, 2003). Available on the International Crisis Group's web site at <http://www.crisisgroup.org>.

Villmoare, Edwin, "The Fog of Nation Building: Lessons from Kosovo?" *Transnational Lawyer* 18 (2004): 25.

*Waiting for UNMIK: Local Administration in Kosovo*. International Crisis Group Europe Report No. 79 (October 18, 1999). Available on the International Crisis Group's web site at <http://www.crisisgroup.org>.

Weller, Marc, "Substantial Self-Administration for Kosovo: From Rambouillet to the Adoption of a Constitutional Framework Document." In *Minority Governance in Europe*, Kinga Gal, editor, 301. Budapest, Hungary: Open Society Institute, 2002.

Williams, Paul R., "Earned Sovereignty: The Road to Resolving the Conflict over Kosovo's Final Status." *Denver Journal of International Law and Policy* 31 (2002-2003): 387.

Yannis, Alexandros. *Kosovo under International Administration: An Unfinished Conflict*. Athens: Hellenic Foundation for European and Foreign Policy, 2001.

Yannis, Alexandros, "Kosovo under International Administration." *Survival* 43(2) (2001): 31.

Yannis, Alexandros, "The UN as Government in Kosovo." *Global Governance* 10 (2004): 67.

Zimmerman, Andreas and Carsten Stahn, "Yugoslav Territory, United Nations Trusteeship or Sovereign State? Reflections on the Current and Future Legal Status of Kosovo." *Nordic Journal of International Law* 70 (2001): 423.